



Autonomous Edge 5G Private Network Requirements for Smart Factories

Presenter (s): Nikolaos Tzanis, Eleftherios Mylonas
Independent Power Transmission Operator
(**IPTO / ADMIE**)



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About us

- IPTO (Independent Power Transmission Operator) is **responsible for the operation, maintenance and development of the electricity transmission grid in Greece** with over 11.000 km of system covering the whole of mainland Greece and a great number of facility sites
- The operation and maintenance of such a system **demands different services** that can be mapped to Smart Grid and Industry 4.0 Use Cases:
 - Measurements' synchronization among sites
 - Real-time Information exchange between IPTO and high-voltage customers (power quality, trip signals etc.)
 - Equipment fault awareness and security at remote locations
- IPTO participates at different Industry 4.0 research projects, **acting as the vertical user** and participating at the integration, validation and field trials of novel Smart Factory solutions at its premises



Smart Factories: Definition, Objectives and Challenges

A Smart Factory is defined as a smart and reconfigurable network of interconnected sensors, machines, and production systems, which collect, exchange and analyze data in a unified and automated way.

Objectives

- Constant, real time awareness of operating status
- Equipment fault awareness and repair requirements
- Improved safety for personnel, local community and the environment
- Longer and Healthier equipment lifetime, thanks to intelligent predictive maintenance

Technology Challenges

- timing
- heterogeneity
- security and safety
- network infrastructure requirements
- network and service management
- Backwards compatibility with legacy equipment



Smart Factory Application Categories

- Preventive Maintenance:
 - Support of different type of low power sensors and protocols
 - Monitoring system and network able to transmit, process and store massive data
- Operation:
 - Strict timing requirements: including sensing time, transmission, and processing time
 - Zero-perceived downtime (availability), reliability, security, etc.
- Security:
 - CCTV monitoring demands streaming of high quality video
 - Alarms: high availability, security

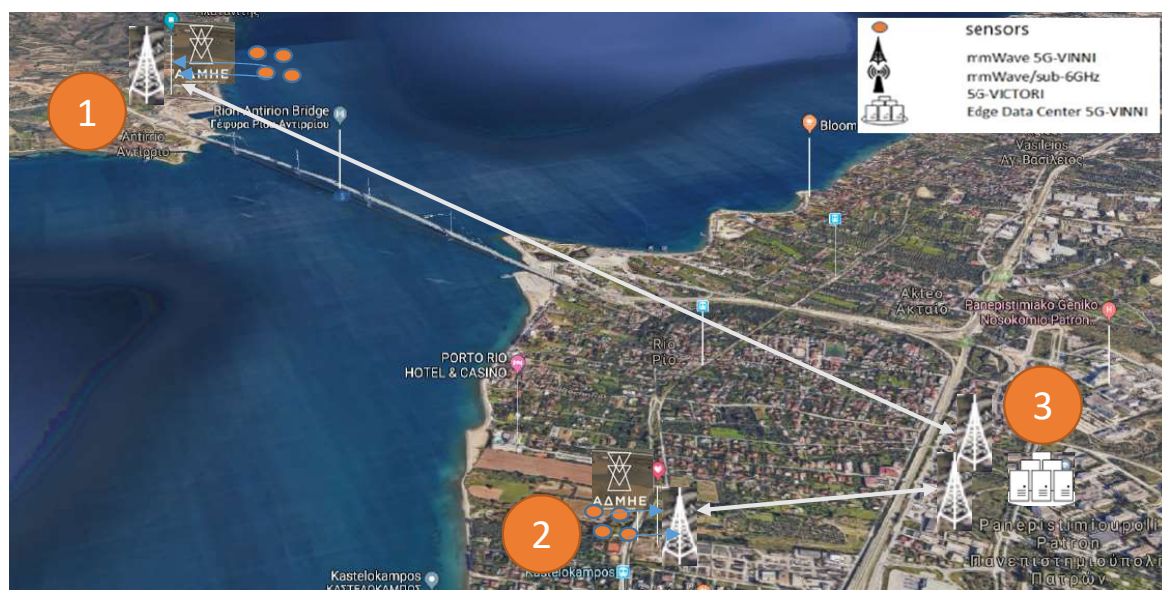


Need for Private 5G Networks

- Private networks are designed and deployed for private use by governments or companies to optimize or enable business processes
- They offer:
 - Network control (flexible configuration, security and data privacy as network resources are dedicated to and under the control of the vertical user)
 - Resources allocation for the support of specific KPIs (e.g. demanding industrial applications)
 - Coverage at remote locations not supported by public networks
 - Support of independent architectures or integration to the public network



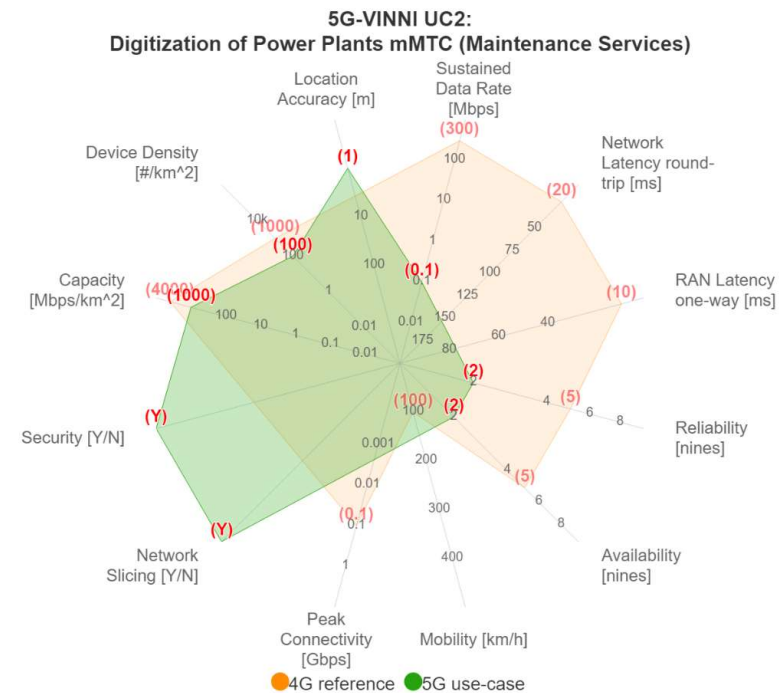
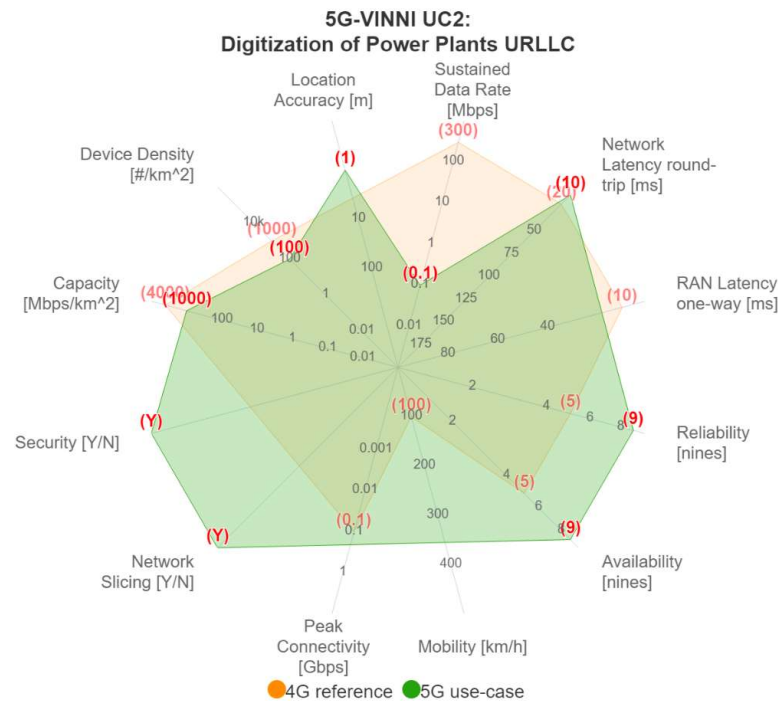
5G-VICTORI: Smart Factories Use Case



- The facility will interconnect two IPTO sites
- Both facilities lie at each side of the Rio-Antirrio canal separated by 4 km of sea
- Data from various sources are combined through a private 5G network for:
 - Preventive maintenance and
 - Monitoring of critical infrastructures
- A submarine fiber cable will be used to transport measurements from the Antirrio site 1
- A mmWave connection will be used for the connection of Rio site 2 with the Cloud system hosted at the University of Patras 3

Diversity in requirements for the different applications

- Monitoring of Critical Infrastructures
- Preventive Maintenance



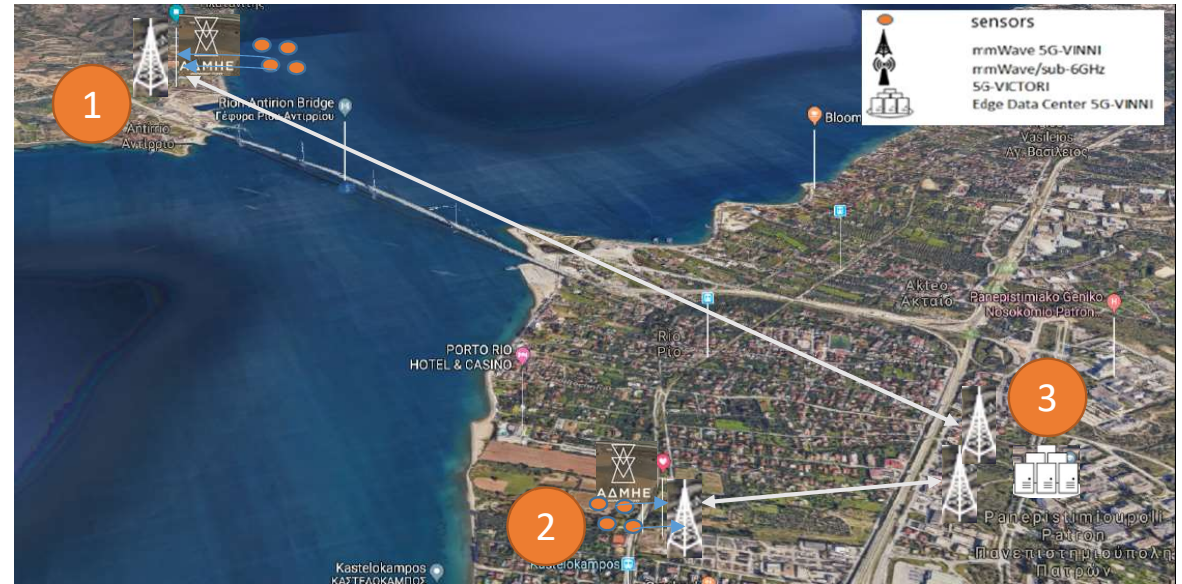
Use Case Key Challenge

Currently a monolithic IoT and network solution is used in IPTO. We can choose between two different setups.

- 1) Upload all measurements from 1 and 2 to the cloud system located at 3, where they will be stored and processed by our legacy monitoring application
Great for preventive maintenance applications:
- Sufficient storage and computational power
 - No real-time constraints

OR

- 2) Install our legacy monitoring application in one of two sites (1 or 2) and proceed to local processing
Great for time critical applications:
- No need to store historical measurements
 - Reduced network latency



Problem

We want to support both types of applications at the same time



Use Case – Solution Approach

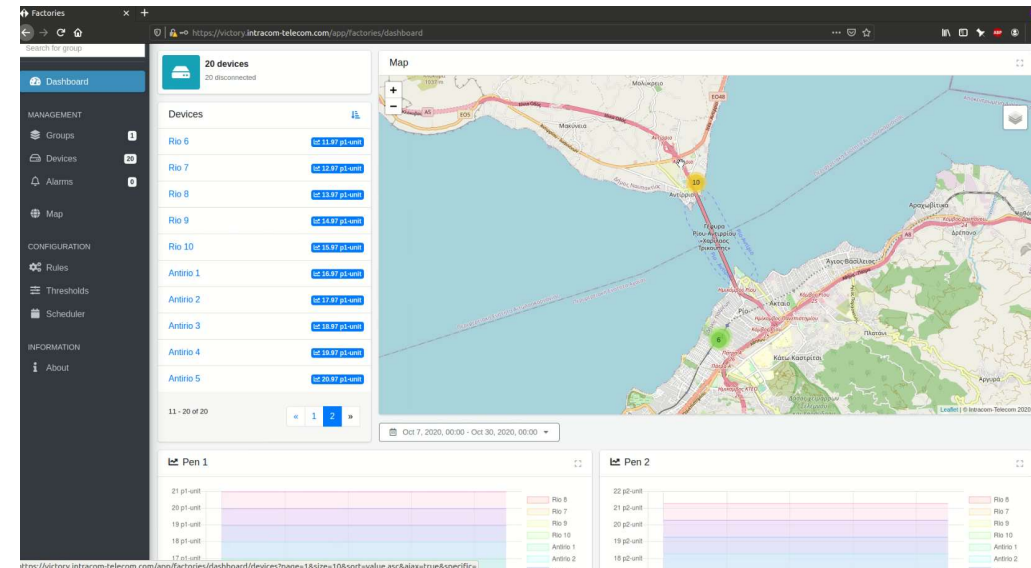
- Change of legacy monitoring system with a **scalable IoT solution**, parts of which can be executed on the cloud or at the Edge according to the application needs.
- Deployment of **Edge infrastructure** able to host the IoT solution and other facilitating services
- Use of **different Network slices** customized per application



UiTOP

Key Features

- Cloud-hosted (Public, Private or Hybrid), multi-tenant solution
- Containerized micro-services based architecture, with processes overload & prioritization mechanism
- Core and optional modules enable flexible packaging to satisfy the different IoT providers' needs
- Core and optional modules can be executed on the cloud or at the edge



Snapshot of customized UiTOP GUI

Patras 5G Autonomous Edge



Patras 5G Autonomous Edge, is a mobile box, containing everything from the 5G New Radio and 5G Core, Network and Service Orchestrations including a Virtualized environment based on Openstack technology.

<http://wiki.patras5g.eu/5g-autonomous-edge>



Patras 5G Autonomous Edge solution

Key Features

- Virtualized Hardware
- Network Orchestration (OSM)
- Service Orchestration (Openslice)
- 5G New Radio (Indoor Range)
- Monitoring Services (Grafana, Prometheus, Netdata)
- EdgeXFoundry for IoT gateway functionality

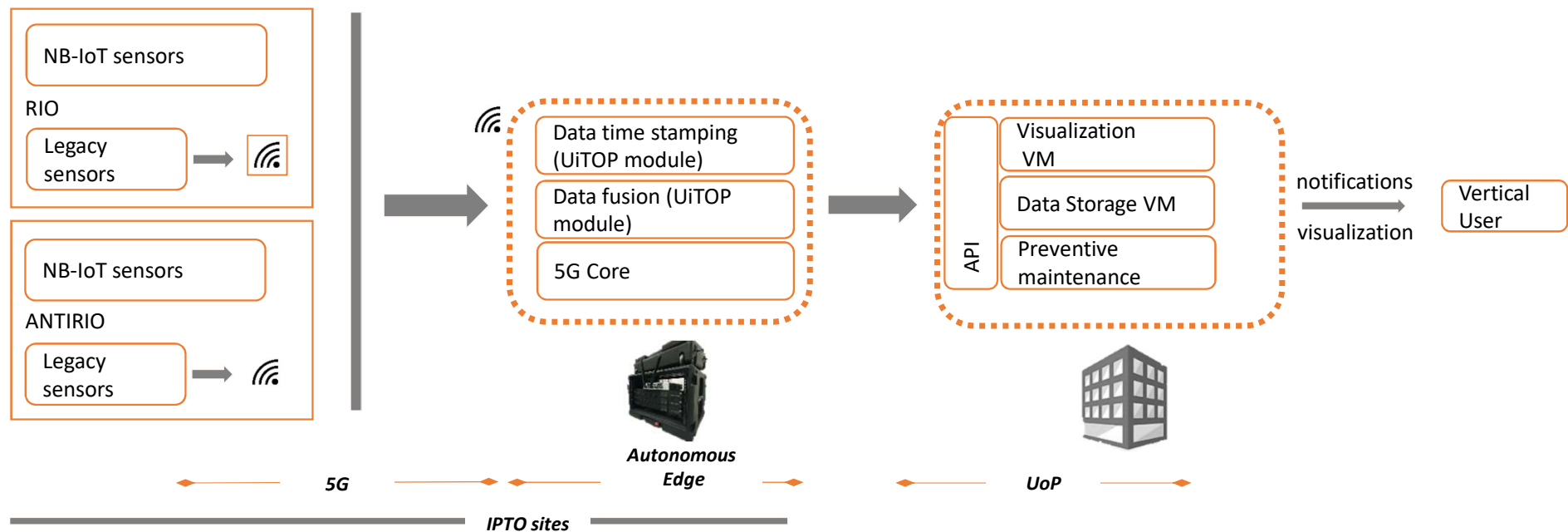


Autonomous Edge can support the orchestration and execution of different Network and Application services including the UiTOP modules



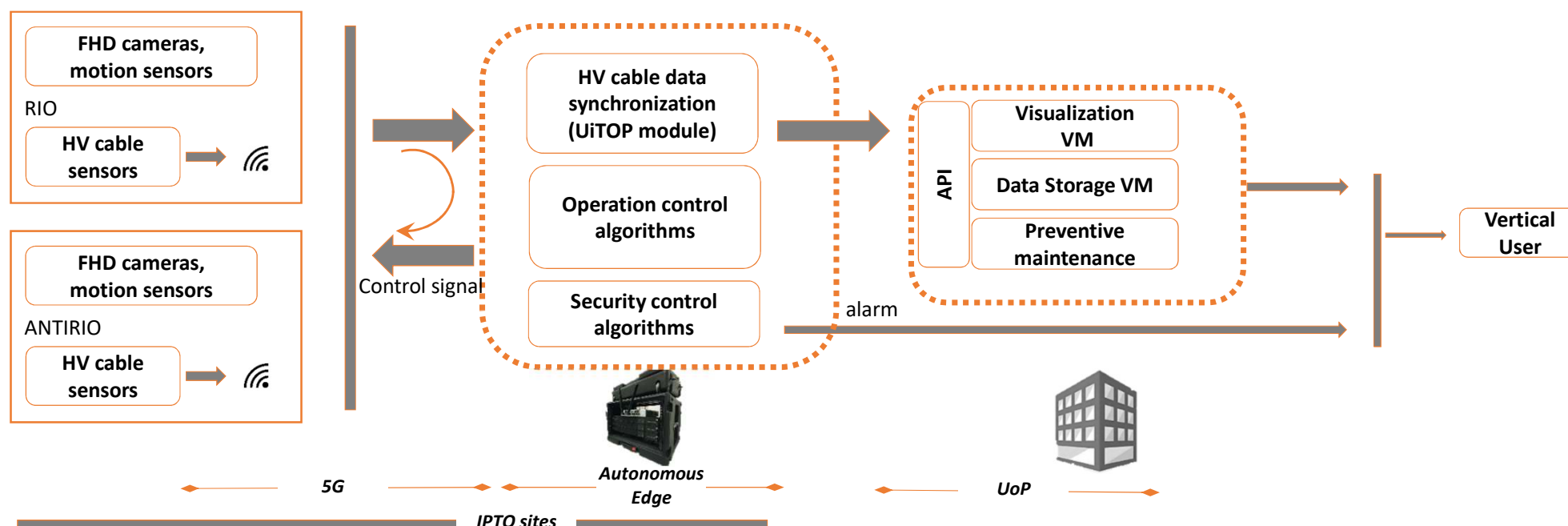
Preventive maintenance Applications

- This set of applications focuses on gathering data from many sensors, store them and use them for preventive maintenance activities
 - Measurements from low cost and legacy sensors with no latency requirements
 - Cleansing of measurements, alleviation of network congestion (data fusion techniques at the edge)
 - Data processing, visualization, storage and reports at UoP data center



Monitoring of critical infrastructures

- This set of applications addresses time critical events, security & control-related actions
 - Measurements from HV cable sensors (e.g. oil pressure), video from FHD cameras and motion capture sensors
 - Local data time stamping and data correlation (at Rio facilities)
 - Real-time operational and security-related control actions at the edge



Findings

With the integration of a Private 5G network:

- The vertical industry does not rely on a public network operator for the on-premise communications and **is the only responsible for the operation, and maintenance of the network**
- The vertical industry can control the network resources to support specific services KPIs. With proper resource allocation, **services with different requirements can be supported simultaneously**
- The use of virtualized hardware, wireless communications, and Network and Service Orchestration, leads to a **flexible, easily managed, expandable and cost-effective solution**
- **Data privacy is ensured**, as communication are performed through private channels. This is very important when dealing with sensitive information collected from Smart Factories





Thanks for your attention!

5G-VICTORI Project

Project Coordinator:

Technical Manager:

Jesús Gutiérrez (teran@ihp-microelectronics.com)

Anna Tzanakaki (Anna.Tzanakaki@bristol.ac.uk)

